

IR Book | Nov. 2024

ST PHARM

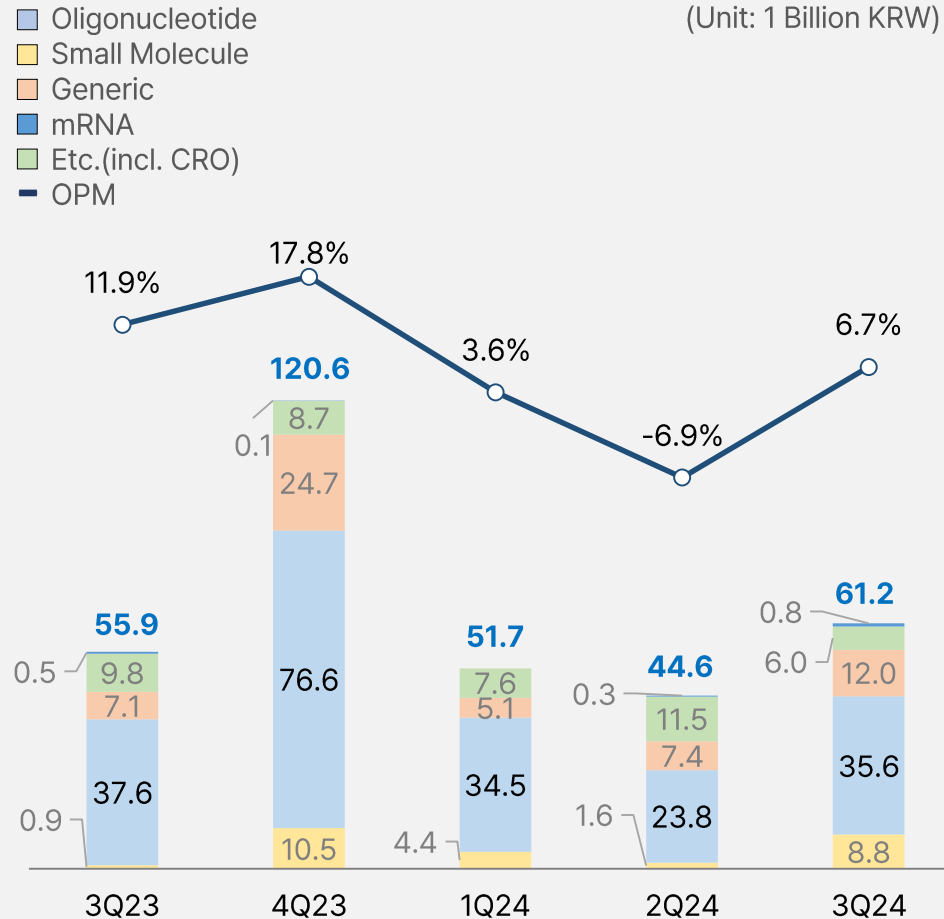
Technology Driven Gene Therapy CDMO
From Oligonucleotide to xRNA





Consolidated Financial Results

5-Quarterly Performance trend



Financial Statement

Revenue ₩ 61.2 Bn, Operating Profit ₩ 4.1 Bn, Net Profit ₩ 9.6 Bn

* Separate Results: Revenue ₩ 57.2B, Operating Profit ₩ 9.8B, Net Income ₩ 15.9B

- 1) Added product orders from commercialized projects were driver of sales growth
- 2) CRO losses caused by slower-than-expected nonclinical study demands and adjustments as a result of change in accounting standard

Accounts (Unit: 1 Billion KRW)	2023	'23.3Q	'24.3Q	YoY
Revenue	285.0	55.9	61.2	+9.4%
Cost of Goods Sold	172.9	31.6	40.7	+28.9%
Gross Profit	112.1	24.3	20.5	-15.9%
SG & A Expenses	78.6	17.7	16.4	-7.4%
R&D Expenses	30.4	6.6	6.1	-8.3%
Operating Profit	33.5	6.7	4.1	-38.5%
Net Profit	17.5	3.4	9.6	+185.1%
Gross Profit Margin	39.3%	43.5%	33.4%	-10.1%p
Operating Profit Margin	11.8%	11.9%	6.7%	-5.2%p
EBITDA Margin	16.3%	16.8%	30.7%	+14.0%p

Earning Result



2024 3Q Financial Results by Business

Business Breakdown

(Unit: 1 Billion KRW)

Sector	'23.3Q	'23.4Q	'24.1Q	'24.2Q	'24.3Q	YoY
Subtotal (% of Total Revenue.)	37.6 (67.2%)	76.6 (63.5%)	34.5 (66.8%)	23.8 (53.3%)	35.6 (58.1%)	-5.4%
Oligo. CDMO Commercial	8.4	52.9	15.2	13.1	29.6	252.1%
Clinical	29.2	23.7	19.3	10.7	5.9	-79.7%
Small Molecule API (SMA)	0.9	10.5	4.4	1.6	8.8	900.9%
mRNA	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.8	50.3%
Generic API (GA)	7.1	24.7	5.1	7.4	12.0	70.5%
Others	0.7	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.0	-98.6%
Separate Revenue	46.7	112.3	44.1	33.6	57.2	22.4%
Subsidiaries (CRO)	9.2	8.3	7.6	10.9	4.0	-56.7%
Consolidated Revenue	55.9	120.6	51.7	44.6	61.2	9.4%

Comments

Oligo. API CDMO business sales declined 5.4% YoY
Commercialized project sales increased 252.1% YoY

- Factors of CRO Loss

Slow recovery of nonclinical study demand from biotech clients led to lower-than-expected sales growth

Change in accounting standard led to adjustments in past-recognized revenue from clients' contract sales

Anticipate majority of adjustment impact in 3Q, minor impact in 4Q (non-recurring item recognized for 2H.24)

- Anticipated Events and Outlook

1 anticipated approval of Oligo project within 2H.24

1 Oligo and 1 SM project anticipated for approval within 2025



PART 01

Introduction



Summary

(By end of 2023)

Establishment	1983
Equity	386.9 Billion KRW
Employees	669
Revenue	285 Billion KRW (Overseas 82%, Domestic 18%)
Shareholders	Affiliated / Affiliated Persons hold 45.6%

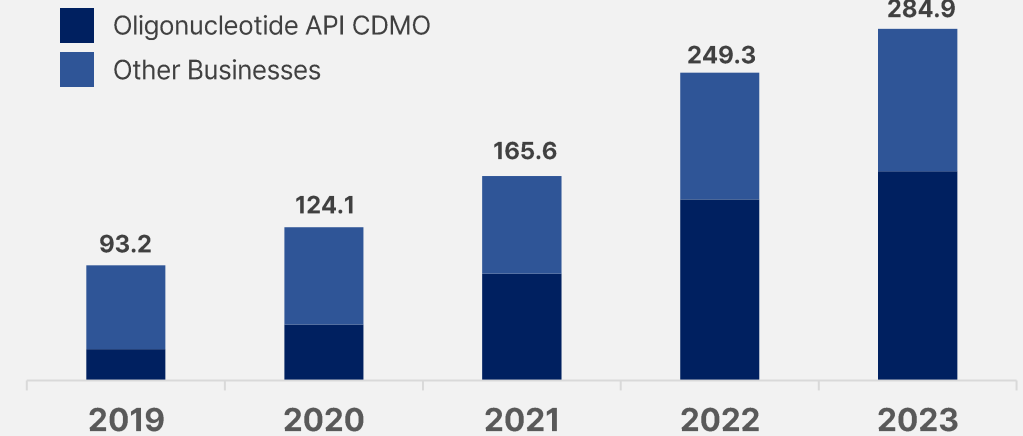
Major global player in Oligonucleotide API CDMO with capability across **entire Oligo. API value chain**

Coverage from **Small Molecule to xRNA APIs**

Successful inspections from global regulatory agencies

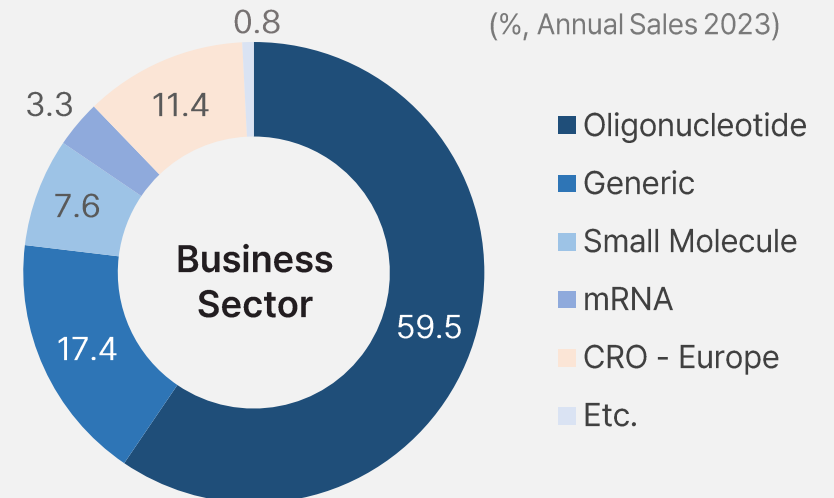
Solid records in both **CDO and CMO** areas

Consolidated Annual Revenue (Unit: 1 Billion KRW)



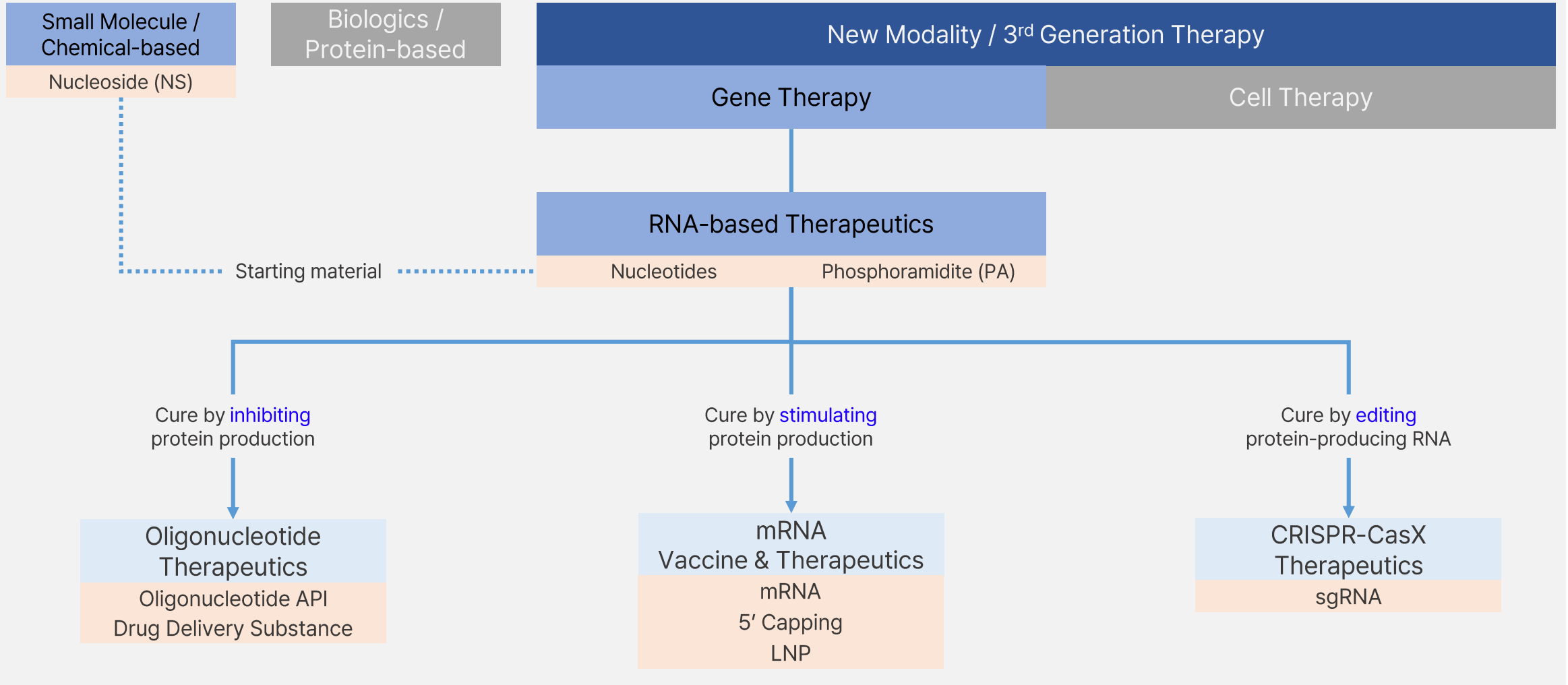
Revenue Breakdown

(%, Annual Sales 2023)





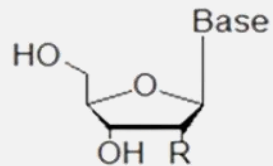
Therapeutics Landscape



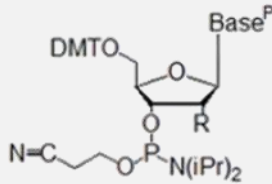


Nucleosides API

Nucleoside



Phosphoramidite



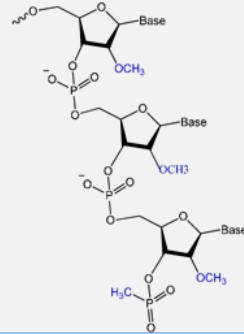
CDMO specializing in small-molecule nucleoside APIs for anti-viral medications

API Supplier of

GSK Thymidine
GSK Zidovudine
Novartis Telbivudine
Gilead Sofosbuvir

Integrated supply chain from nucleosides to phosphoramidites

Oligonucleotide API



Small-interfering



Anti-Sense

2018

- First commercial-scale Oligo. production facility

2022

- NAI grade from US FDA PAI Inspection

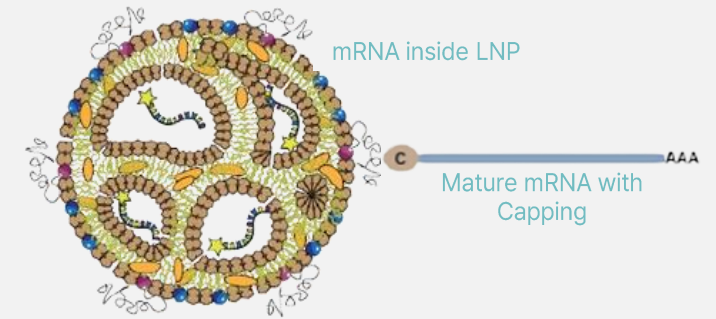
2023

- US FDA Inspection for Banwol Site
- 2nd commercial-scale plant (under construction)

2024

- 3rd Commercial-scale project with US FDA's approval of MDS medication

xRNA CDMO Platform



2022

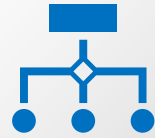
- First delivery of LNP lipid

2023

- Commercial-scale mRNA production facility

2024

- Application of STLNP® Patent(PCT)
- Completion of STP2104 Clinical Trial(P1)
- Supply Agreement with Quantoom Bio.



PART 02

Business Overview



Overall Capacity

Facility	Oligo Plant	mRNA Plant	Chemical Plant
	Oligonucleotide API	mRNA, Lipid Nano Particles	SM, Generic, Monomer
Equipment Status	4 (Lines)*	-	96 (Reactors)
Total Capacity	6.4 mole ($\approx 2.2T$)**	Max. 100M Dose/Year	376,250 L

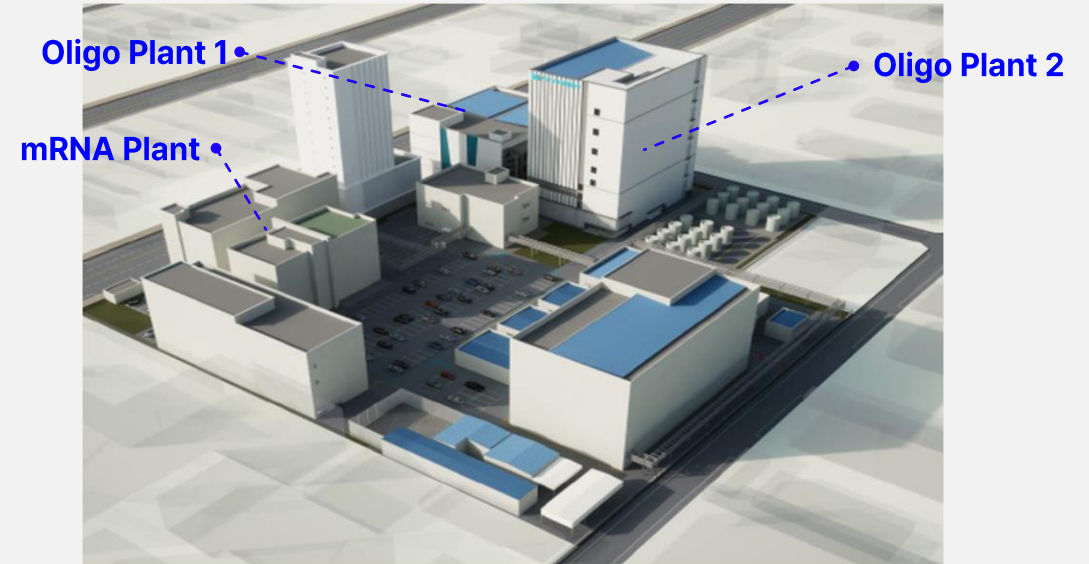
* No. of Lines based on installed synthesizers

** 1 mole $\approx 167\text{kg} \sim 500\text{kg}$

View of Siwha Campus



View of Banwol Campus





Major Projects Under Management

#	Client	Indication	Stage			
			P1	P2	P3	NDA
Oligonucleotide API						
1	Client A	Hyperlipidemia Atherosclerotic(AS) CVD	↳ Indication expansion			
2	Client B	Spinal Muscular Atrophy				
3	Client C	Myelodysplastic Syndrome Myelofibrosis (MF)	↳ Indication expansion			
4	Client D	FCS* (CVD) Severe Hypertriglyceridema	↳ Indication expansion			
5	Client D	Hereditary Angioedema				
6	Client A	Atherosclerosis				
7	Client E	Chronic Hepatitis B				
8	Client F	IgA Nephropathy				
9	Client E	Chronic Hepatitis B				
10	Client F	Chronic Hepatitis B				
Small Molecule API						
1	Client G	Not disclosed				
2	Client H	Mitochondrial Dysfunction				

* FCS: Familial chylomicronaemia syndrome

Capacity Expansion Schedule (Oligo Plant)

Facility	2025.Q3	2026 ~
	Plant 2	Plant 2 Expansion
Maximum Lines*	7	10
Total Capacity**	~ 8 mole	~ 13 mole
CAPEX (KRW)	110 Billion	40 Billion

* No. of Lines based on installed synthesizers

** 1 mole ≈ 167kg ~ 500kg

Potential new projects under negotiation

Client	Target Disease	Client	Target Disease
A	Hypertension	C	Skin Cancer
A	Huntington	D	CNS
A	Alzheimer's Disease	E	Resistant Hypertension
B	Alpha 1-Antitrypsin Deficiency	F	Myotonic Dystrophy Type 1
B	Not Disclosed	G	Epilepsy

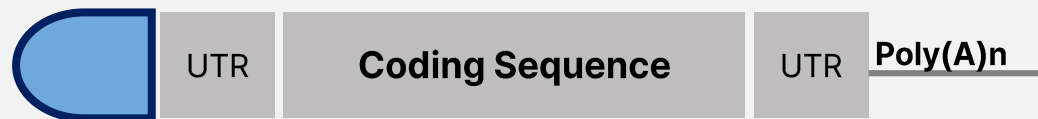
* Unrelated with client symbols from "Major Projects Under Management"



ST Pharm's In-house Platform Technologies

SmartCap® (Stability)

- Registered patent in Korea
- Ongoing PCT International Patent Publication
- Over 30 capping analogues → highly customizable
- Efficacy & Safety data through STP-2104 clinical trial



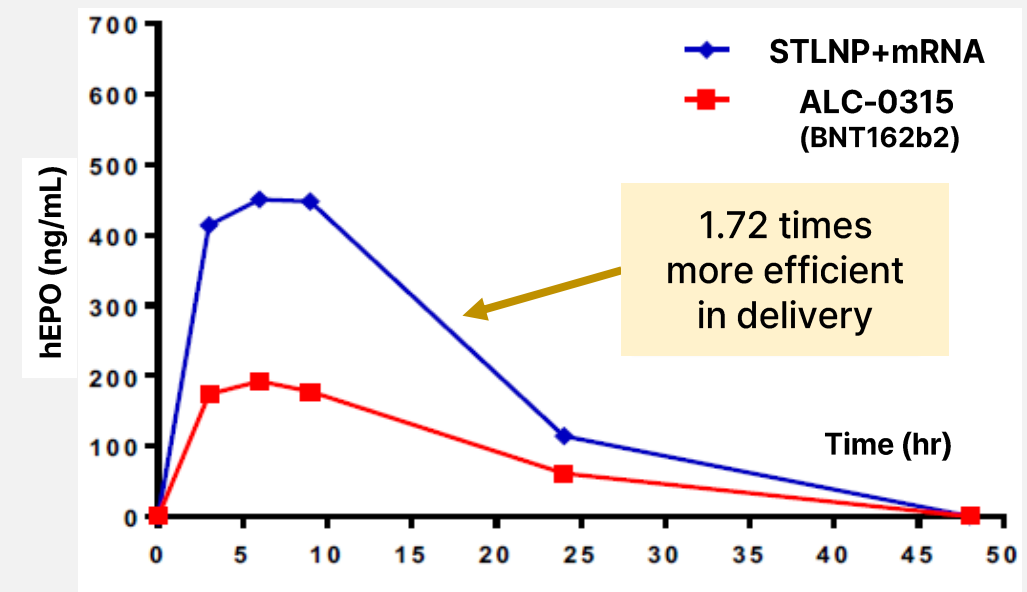
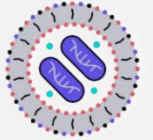
Capping
(SmartCap®)

Official Supply Agreement of SmartCap® with:



STLNP® (Delivery)

- Ongoing PCT International Patent Publication
- Delivery efficacy data observed from nonclinical study





PART 03

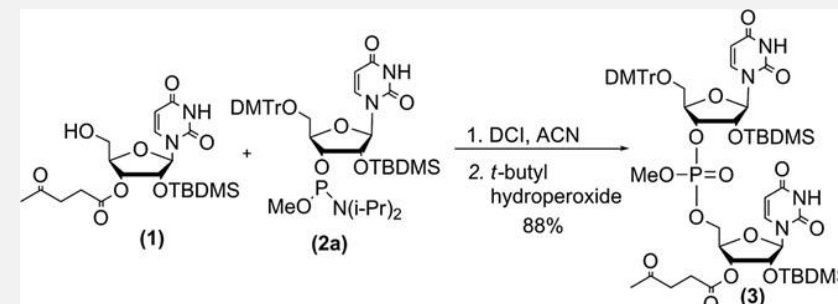
Technology & Pipeline

■ Synthesis of siRNA Using Dimer Blocks

Synthesis of block-PA (condensed di-nucleotide PA) on solid support, instead of single-monomer PA

Allow faster reactions & higher yield, skipping several synthesis steps

↳ suitable for **large scale API production** with established production protocol



Example of Dimer Block Synthesis

■ Comparison between Monomeric Synthesis with Block Synthesis

Synthesis of oligonucleotides via monomer and block coupling

Entry	Oligomer 5'-to-3'	Amidite	Concd (M)	# of couplings	Time (min)	Coupling efficiency (%)	Yield ^a (%)
I	(rU) ₁₈ dT	rU (2a)	0.10	18	10	98.5	76.5
II	(rU) ₁₈ dT	rU (2a)	0.15	18	20	98.7	80.1
III	(rU) ₁₈ dT	rUU (9a)	0.10	9	10	97.2	77.8
IV	(rU) ₁₈ dT	rUU (9a)	0.15	9	20	98.3	85.9
V	(rU) ₁₈ dT	rUUU (14a)	0.10	6	10	86.5	41.8
VI	(rAAUU) ₄ dTdT	rUUU (14a)	0.15	6	20	97.2	84.7
VII	(rAAUU) ₄ dTdT	rU (2a), rA (2b)	0.15	16	20	98.0	72.5
VIII	(rAAUU) ₄ dTdT	rUU (9a), rAA (9b)	0.15	8	20	98.5	88.8

→ Monomer

→ Dimer Block

Overall, **block synthesis yielded 4~5% more products** with **similar efficiency** compared to monomeric synthesis

[Source: "RNA synthesis via dimer and trimer phosphoramidite block coupling", Tetrahedron Letters]



Development of Novel Oligo Synthesis Method by combining Liquid Phase and Enzymatic Oligo Synthesis

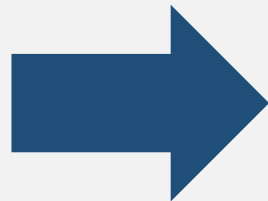
Potential Advantage of LPOS

- Larger batch size compared to SPOS
- Similar methodology with traditional chemical synthesis process
- * Acquired global(ex Japan) license of LPOS-enabling liquid resin from Fujimoto Chemical

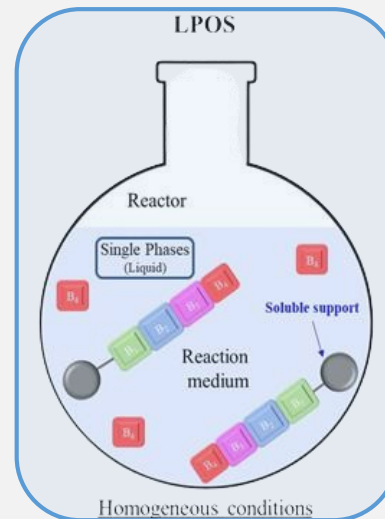
Potential Advantage Enzymatic OS

- Relatively easier purification process with higher synthesis efficiency under moderate(room) temperature condition
- * Ongoing joint research with global pharmaceuticals for commercialization

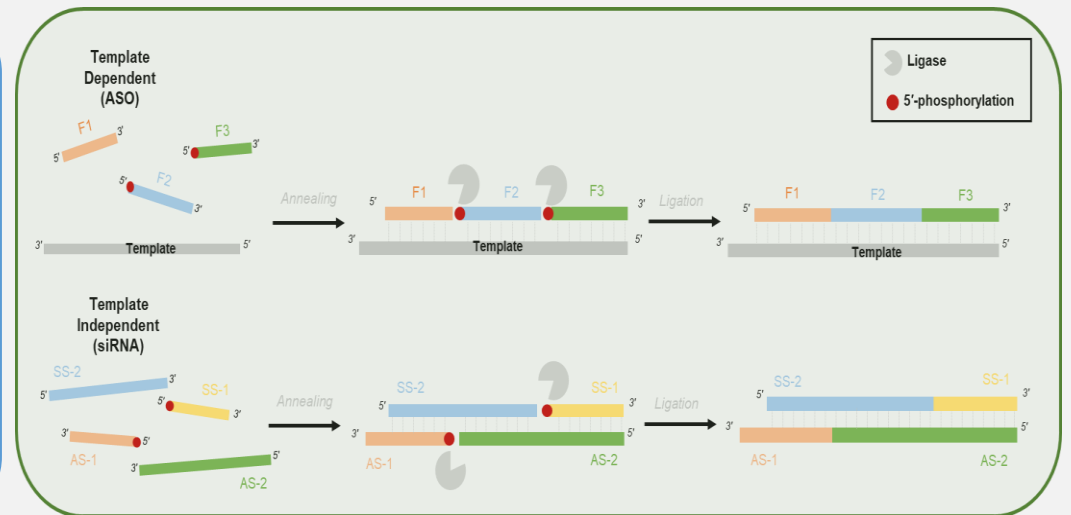
[Solid Phase OS]
(Equipment)



[Liquid Phase OS]



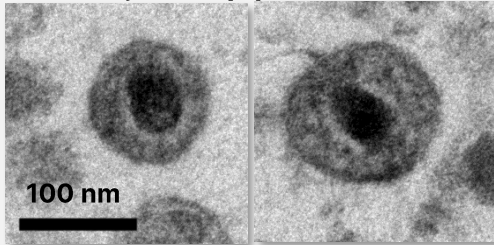
[Enzymatic OS]



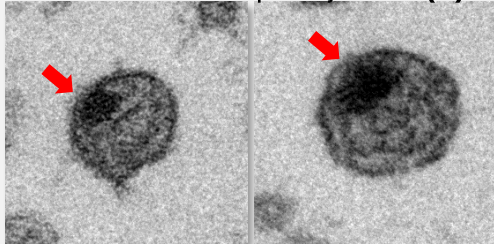


STP0404 Mechanism of Action

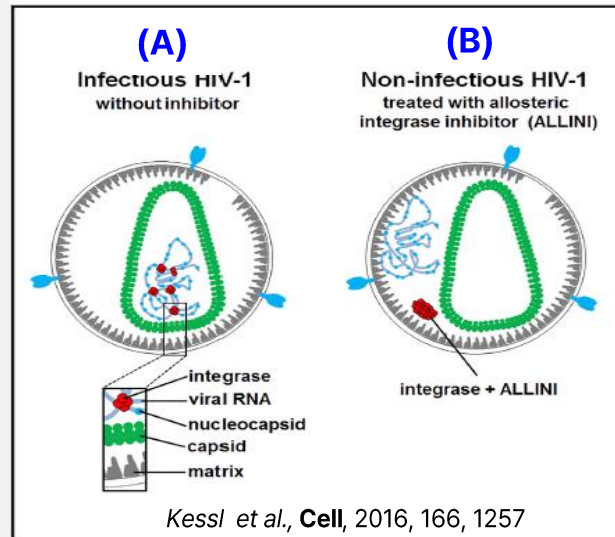
Before Injection (A)



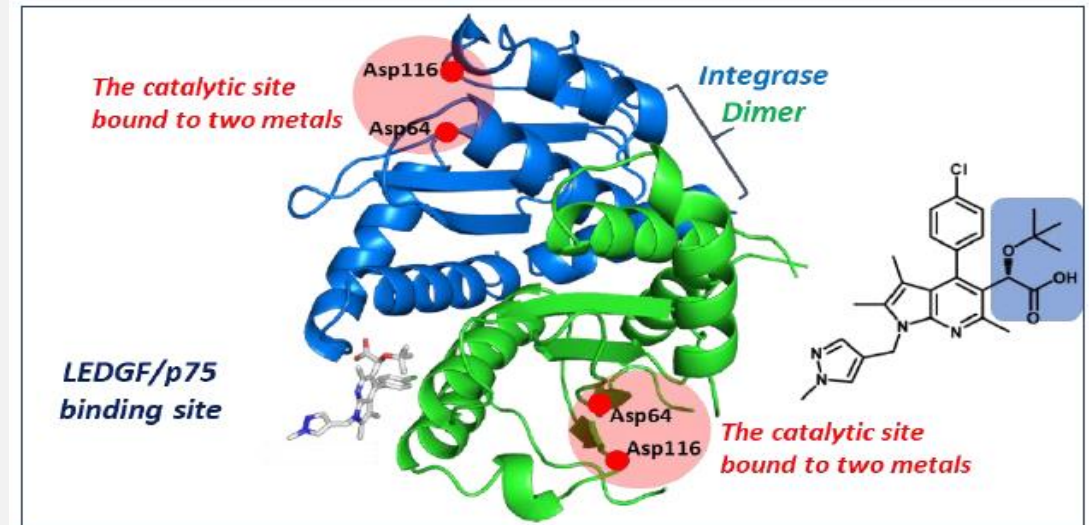
After STP0404 0.2µM Injection (B)



TEM study in Emory Univ.



STP0404 X-ray Structure



- New mechanism ALLINI (Allosteric integrase inhibitor) founded by Prof. M. Kvaratskhelia (Univ. of Colorado) in 2016
- Integrase delivers HIV virus's RNA to host cell, inducing virion state (infection of host cell & capsid protection) (A)
- ALLINI inhibits delivery / merge of integrase with virus's RNA, causing [mislocalization of HIV's RNA](#) (B)
- STP0404 pulls the HIV virus's RNA outside the virus-protecting capsid, allowing the [formation of non-infectious HIV-1](#) (B)
- New MOA for HIV-cure as "maturation inhibitor" - "Divide and Conquer", not 'Shock & Kill' or 'Block & Lock'
- Identification of ALLINI mechanism supported by US NIH grants in 2018. Collaboration with Emory University & University of Colorado Boulder

Thank You

ST PHARM

Technology-Driven Gene therapy CDMO
From Oligonucleotide to xRNA





PART 04

Appendix

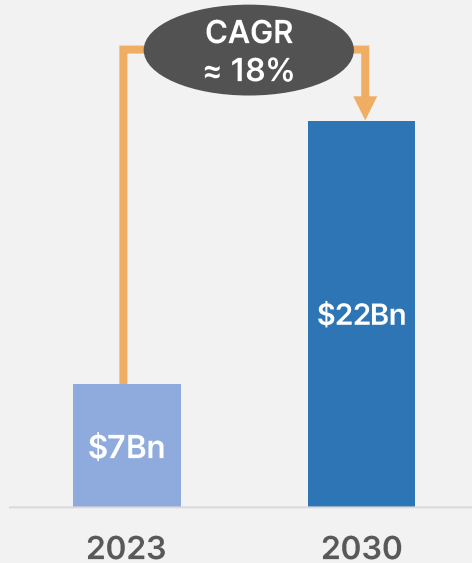


■ Oligonucleotide Market Growth Forecast

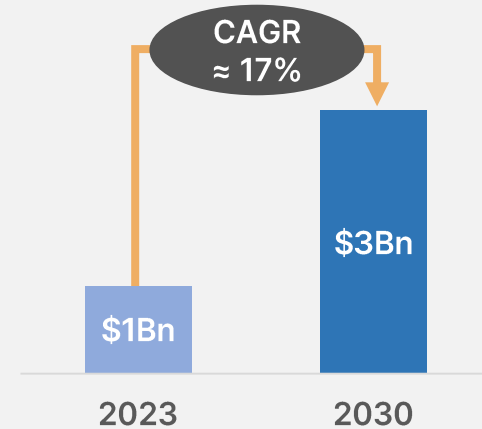
Global Market size to achieve **double-digit growth** through 2030

R&D landscape expanding to target diseases with larger population:
 → **from rare & hereditary to chronic diseases (CVD, metabolic, etc.)**

Global Oligo Therapeutics Market

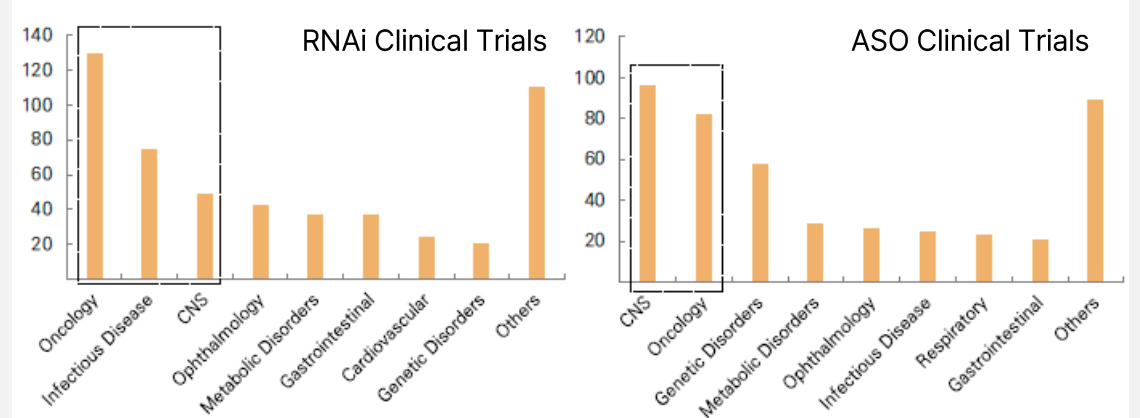


Global Oligo CDMO Market



[Referred Source: Cortellis, LS Securities, IQVIA]

■ Therapies targeting Diseases with Larger Patients Population



[Source: Mirae Asset Securities, Globaldata(2022)]

■ Pipeline Development Landscape (ASO + RNAi)

